

安道尔城 Andorra la Vella

安道尔城是安道尔公国的行政首都和政治中心。安道尔公国位于比利牛斯山脉中心，是欧洲面积最大的“袖珍国”。

安道尔城有着悠久的历史。人类活动的最早迹象可以追溯到公元前 2000 年前的安道尔平原。安道尔城出土了大量公元 4 世纪的人类活动遗迹，其中比较著名的就包括埃尔罗克德恩克拉尔 (el Roc d' Enclar) 军事要塞，安道尔城以此为基础逐渐发展起来。到了公元 8 世纪初，安道尔公国的第一个教堂在这里建起。

无论你是对历史遗迹、传统文化感兴趣，还是认为现代、创新的文化表现形式更吸引人，在安道尔城都能找到你想要的东西。从史前雕刻、中世纪绘画和建筑（尤其是罗马艺术杰作圣塔克鲁玛教堂）、传统民俗、当代音乐、戏剧、艺术（包括大型歌舞节和每两年举行一次的独具特色国际女小丑节），去安道尔城，体验惊喜。

安道尔城因其悠久的历史、秀美的自然风光、完善的配套设施：购物、商业、文化和体育设施，而吸引着世界各地的游客。诚邀您到安道尔城体验难忘的旅行。

Andorra la Vella is the administrative capital and financial centre of the Principality of Andorra. Andorra is located at the axial heart of the Pyrenees. It is the largest of the small states of Europe.

The city's history is a long one. The earliest evidence of human settlement on the plains of Andorra la Vella dates back to the second millennium BC. However, it was not until the 4th century AD that more substantial settlement was founded, in this case a fortification: el Roc d'Enclar. It was at this site, which gradually grew to become a main centre of population in Andorra, where, in the early-8th century, one of the first churches in the country was built.

Whether your particular interests lie in historical heritage, in traditions or in more modern and innovative cultural manifestations, you are sure to find what you are looking for in Andorra la Vella. From prehistoric engravings, medieval painting and architecture (particularly Romanesque art, outstandingly the church of Santa Coloma) and traditional folklore to contemporary music, theatre and art (here, the key

events include the Festival of Music and Dance and the unique International Female Clown Festival, held here every two years), you can choose from amongst an immense range of cultural attractions during your visit to our parish.

Andorra la Vella, is a special place for its history, its natural beauty and its many facilities and attractions: shops and businesses, sports and cultural centres. This is your invitation to enjoy a truly unforgettable stay in the country.

