



# 新人会会员简介

## 曼谷（泰国）

曼谷是一个多种艺术、文化、传统、建筑和烹饪艺术相融合的城市，在曼谷，随处可见富有魅力的历史建筑以及古老艺术和传统文化的缩影，也因其充满活力的购物和餐饮街区而知名，游客涌向这座天使之城，是因为它具有几个世纪以来的文化、传统、历史遗迹和迷人老社区的独特气质。

## 波士顿（美国）

波士顿是美国新英格兰地区六个州的经济文化中心，也是其最大的城市。它在美国的建国史中有着举足轻重的地位，是名副其实的历史文化名城。波士顿传承“注重教育，道德正直”的文化影响，是一个很有教养的城市。这里建立了美国第一所公立中学——波士顿拉丁学校和第

一所大学——哈佛大学。作为教育枢纽，波士顿除了哈佛大学以外，还有很多名列前茅的学校。作为文化中心，波士顿有许多博物馆值得参观。

## 卡萨布兰卡（摩洛哥）

位于大西洋岸，是摩洛哥最大的港口城市，全国经济和交通中心，拥有全国70%的现代工业，市区和郊区有1000多座工厂，工商业、金融中心，素有“摩洛哥肺叶”的称号。城市临海，树木常青，气候宜人，风光秀丽，是非洲著名的旅游城市。整座城市的建筑大多数为白颜色，就连许多阿拉伯渔民的住宅也是在褐色峭壁的背景下呈现白颜色，与辽阔蔚蓝的大西洋交相辉映，构成一幅淡雅多姿的景象。



## 科伦坡（斯里兰卡）

斯里兰卡的最大城市，全国政治、经济、文化和交通中心。印度洋重要港口，世界著名的人工海港。位于斯里兰卡岛西南岸，濒临印度洋，北面以凯勒尼河为界。科伦坡在僧伽罗语为“海的天堂”之意。科伦坡是一座典型的东南亚海滨城市，有旖旎的滨海风光、喧闹的夜市赌场、欢快狂放的打击乐，虔诚笃信的宗教信徒、有巍峨耸立的摩天大厦、有金碧辉煌的寺庙厅堂……浪漫多姿的休闲氛围形成了科伦坡独特的城市魅力。

## 哥本哈根（丹麦）

哥本哈根是一座有着大智慧的城市。这里有独特的古韵，现代化的建筑，简约的设计，精致的北欧美食，更重要的还有北欧人的包容与随和；这些都让哥本哈根闻名于世。风格时尚，且离不开自行车的丹麦人也正式被评为了世界上最快乐的人。。

## 菲斯（摩洛哥）

菲斯，是北非史上第一个伊斯兰城市，也是摩洛哥一千多年来宗教、文化与艺术中心。菲斯河在此分支，适宜农耕，所以菲斯在阿拉伯语意为“金色斧子”，也有“肥美土地”之意。半山腰上的菲斯市，可俯瞰广阔的平原，是一个重要的战略重镇，依旧保存着浓郁的中世纪风采。

## 汉堡（德国）

汉堡位于德国北部平原是德国第二大城市，面积755平方公里人口174万。汉堡具有依河临海地处欧洲交通要道的优势。多年来凭借港口航运外贸传媒金融保险业以及飞机制造等工业的发展，成为德国重要的经济贸易中心，

在德国经济中占有显著的地位。汉堡是德国第二大金融中心，是德国第三大旅游城市。每年举办约70个博览会和专业展览会以及400个各类会议使汉堡成为世界上最重要的国际会议和博览会举办地之一。

## 赫尔辛基（芬兰）

芬兰首都赫尔辛基，濒临波罗的海，是一座古典美与现代文明融为一体的都市，既体现出欧洲古城的浪漫情调，又充满国际化大都市的韵味。同时，她又是一座都市建筑与自然风光巧妙结合在一起的花园城。市内建筑多用浅色花岗岩建成，有“北方洁白城市”之称。

## 加德满都（尼泊尔）

加德满都是尼泊尔的首都也是尼泊尔最大的城市。加德满都海拔约1350米，三面环山，市区即于山间的加德满都谷地之中，气候宜人，有“山中天堂”之美誉。加德满都气候温和，一年中的大部分时间比较舒适宜人。城内大小寺庙达2700多所，素称“寺庙之城”。占地7平方公里的市中心，庙宇、佛堂、经塔有250多座，形成庙宇多如住宅，佛像多如居民的景象。

## 马里戈特（圣马丁）

马里戈特是加勒比海法属圣马丁的首府。2006年，人口为5700。马里戈特是具有典型加勒比风格的城市，市内有許多加勒比特色的姜饼屋和街边小酒馆。每逢周三和周六上午，市内会有集市，会出售椰子，鳄梨，甘薯等产品。

## 米兰（意大利）

米兰，这座意大利最富有、最现代、最具创造力的城市，位于伦巴第大区北部、波河平原中部，是欧洲中部传统的商业中心之一。它一直走在意大利历史的前沿，并常能预见整个国家的发展趋势。米兰在艺术界具有相当的地位。在全市的博物馆、教堂和宫殿中随处可见众多古迹。米兰同时也是音乐之都。世界最为著名的拉斯卡拉歌剧院及众多一流的乐团使得米兰成为了欧洲音乐中心之一。

## 蒙特雷（墨西哥）

蒙特雷市是新莱昂州的首府，工业发达，商业环境良好，加之政府对国际贸易的扶持，使其成为墨西哥东北部的地区的发展中心。在蒙特雷有超过14个自然公园，非常适宜生态旅游，还拥有10余个高尔夫球场，30座购物中



心以及41座博物馆和文化中心。蒙特雷是儿童的乐园，也为成年人提供了丰富多彩的夜生活。

### 尼科西亚（塞浦路斯）

尼科西亚自11世纪起成为塞浦路斯的首都，是一座历史文化底蕴深厚的城市。16世纪，威尼斯人占据尼科西亚后，修筑了后来成为城市地标的星形城墙，将“城墙之内”的老城与现代的尼科西亚城分开。如今的尼科西亚是塞浦路斯的国际化大都市及行政、商业中心。

### 尼斯（法国）

尼斯，蔚蓝海岸之都

尼斯，一座值得细细体味的城市……

她充满创意、富有活力、朝气蓬勃，她用辉煌的历史和无限的创新勾勒出如今欧洲最重要的国际化城市之一。创新随处可见，涉及各个领域。

### 巴黎大区（法国）

巴黎大区又称法兰西岛省，包括巴黎和郊区。岛上值得看的遗迹很多，凡尔赛宫豪华与雄伟的规模，是世界上任何建筑物所无法比拟的。沃勒维孔特宫、枫丹白露等，无不使人感到迄今尚存的贵族文化气息。除此之外，还有沙特尔大教堂、波威教堂、讷夫城堡、尚蒂伊等。

### 布拉格（捷克）

布拉格是捷克共和国的首都和最大的城市，位于该国的中波希米亚州、伏尔塔瓦河流域。布拉格是一座著名的旅游城市，市内拥有为数众多的各个历史时期、各种风格的建筑，其中特别以巴洛克风格和哥特式更占优势。布拉格建筑给人整体上的观感是建筑顶部变化特别丰富。

### 拉巴特（摩洛哥）

摩洛哥首都，位于摩西北的布雷格雷格河口，濒临大西洋，与菲斯、马拉喀什、梅克内斯同是摩洛哥四大皇城之一，自1912年以来，一直是摩政治首都。拉巴特始建于公元12世纪穆瓦希德王朝。现存老城为18世纪所建，新城于1912年后兴建。拉巴特濒临大西洋，有不少海滨浴场，是旅游、消夏的好地方。拉巴特王宫、穆罕默德五世墓、乌达亚城堡和舍拉废墟等是游人参观的名胜。

### 三亚（中国）

三亚位于海南岛的最南端，是中国最南部的热带滨海

旅游城市，全国空气质量最好的城市，全国最长寿地区。三亚市别称鹿城，又被称为“东方夏威夷”，位居中国四大一线旅游城市之首，它拥有全海南岛最美丽的海滨风光。三亚拥有亚龙湾、天涯海角游览区、南山文化旅游区、大小洞天风景区、大东海风景区、鹿回头公园、蜈支洲岛海上乐园等著名景点。

### 凯撒旅游

凯撒旅游创始于1993年，经过20余年稳健发展，相继在伦敦、巴黎、汉堡、洛杉矶等全球核心城市设有分支机构，在中国北京、广州、上海、成都以及沈阳等口岸城市和核心商业城市设有20家分子公司。源自欧洲的凯撒旅游沿袭了国际成熟旅游市场的先进理念，充分发挥海外优势，成长为中国出境旅游市场独树一帜的商业品牌，并成为领先的出境旅游服务商。

### 中国股权投资基金协会

中国股权投资基金协会是由股权投资行业人士自愿联合发起成立的非营利性社会团体法人机构，协会目前已有30名成员。中国股权投资基金协会服务于在全国注册的全类基金及管理、中介机构等，致力于建设行业自律监管机制，维护会员的合法权益，提高会员从业素质，加强会员与境内外股权投资基金界的合作与交流，促进我国股权投资基金产业健康发展。

### 中央电视台

中央电视台是中国国家电视台，总部设在北京。它始建于1958年，是中国最早建立的电视台。中央电视台拥有18个公共频道，覆盖全国，它的七个国际频道向海外广播。中央电视台的收视份额占全国的三分之一，有着世界最大的中文电视新闻采集队伍，也是生产纪录片、电视剧和综艺节目的世界电视大台。

### 携程旅游网

携程旅游网 创立于1999年，总部设在中国上海，员工20000余人，目前公司已在北京、广州、深圳、成都、杭州、南京、厦门、重庆、青岛、沈阳、武汉、三亚、丽江、香港、南通17个城市设立分支机构，在南通设立服务联络中心。2010年，携程旅游网战略投资台湾易游网和香港永安旅游，完成了两岸三地的布局。2014年，投资途风旅行网，将触角延伸及北美洲。

### 四季酒店集团

自1960年创立以来，四季酒始终以非凡出众的想象力，对卓越品质的极致追求以及由衷诚挚的客制化服务不断定义未来奢华酒店业的发展。四季酒店集团现已在38个国家的各主要城市中心及度假目的地筑起了92家酒店及奢华住宅，并有超过60个发展项目正在酝酿中。在众多国际知名读者票选、旅行者评选以及业界评奖中，四季酒店始终位列全球最佳酒店及最具盛名的品牌榜单之上。

### 新浪网

新浪公司是一家服务于中国及全球华人社群的网络媒体公司。新浪通过门户网站新浪网、移动门户手机新浪网和社交网络服务及微博客服务新浪微博组成的数字媒体网络，帮助用户通过互联网和移动设备获得专业媒体和用户自生成的多媒体内容并与友人进行兴趣分享。

### 北京众信国际旅行社股份有限公司

作为中国最大的出境游运营商之一，众信旅游是首家民营旅行社上市公司。公司坚持以服务品质为前提，以产品为核心，整合机票、酒店、签证、邮轮、境外交通、境外接待服务等出境游产业链各要素资源，其产品覆盖全球主要的目的地国家和地区。众信旅游总部设立在北京，并在上海、成都、沈阳、西安、天津等地设立分公司。

### 温哥华机场管理局

温哥华机场管理局管理温哥华国际机场（YVR）。2012年，YVR 旅客吞吐量、飞机起降架次及货运吞吐量分别为1760万、26.1万及22.7万吨，是加拿大第二机场。70家航空公司在YVR 经营航班，连接旅客及商业到世界120多个目的地。我们致力于创造加拿大不列颠哥伦比亚省骄傲的机场、全球首屈一指的门户、当地的经济发动机及社区贡献者。



# INTRODUCTION TO NEWLY ENROLLED MEMBERS

## Bangkok (Thailand)

Bangkok is a city integrating various arts, culture, traditions, architecture and cooking, where there are charming historical buildings and epitomes of ancient arts and cultural traditions here and there. The city is also famous for its vibrant shopping and dining blocks, attracting tourists from all over the world as the City of Angels for its culture, traditions, and historical sites over the countries and the uniqueness of the old but charming neighborhoods.

## Boston (USA)

Boston is the economic and cultural center of the six states of New England in the United States, which is also the biggest city of the region. As a veritable historical and cultural city, it once played a significant role in the history of the USA. Boston inherits the cultural discipline of “paying high attention to education and moral integrity” from the early Puritans to become a cultivated city with the first public high school — Boston Latin School, and the first university — Harvard University in America. As an educational center, Boston also has some other top universities beside Harvard University. As a cultural center, Boston has a lot of museums worth visiting.

## Casablanca (Morocco)

Located at the shore of Atlantic Ocean, Casablanca is the biggest port city of Morocco, which is the economic and transportation center of the country. The city averages about 50 meters above sea level. And the climate is mild, the average temperatures being 12°C and 23°C respectively in January and August, with mean annual precipitation of 400 millimeters. As a coastal city, it enjoys livable climate and beautiful scenery, with trees being green all the year round. Therefore, it is a famous tourist city in Africa. The main color for the buildings of the city is white, even the houses of those Arabic fishermen which turn out to be white with the comparison of the brown cliffs, making up an elegant and colorful picture with the vast blue Atlantic.

## Colombo (Sri Lanka)

As the biggest city of Sri Lanka, Colombo is the political, economic, and cultural center as well as transportation hub of the nation. It is a significant port along the Indian Ocean and the famous artificial harbor of the world. Located at the southwest coast of Sri Lanka, the city borders on the India Ocean and is bounded in the north by Kelani Ganga. Colombo means “Paradise of Sea” in Sinhalese. As a typical coastal city of Southeast Asia, Colombo enjoys picturesque seaside scenery, boisterous night gambling houses, jubilant and wild percussion music, pious religious believers, lofty skyscrapers and glittering temples and halls, etc. The romantic recreational atmosphere gives unique charm to the city of Colombo.

## Copenhagen (Denmark)

Copenhagen is a city with great wisdom. There are unique ancient atmosphere, modern architecture, simple design, delicate dishes and more importantly the tolerance and



friendliness of the northern Europeans. All these above make Copenhagen become world-famous. The fashionable Danes to whom bicycles are essential are considered as the happiest people in the world.

## Fez (Morocco)

Fez is the first Islamic city in North Africa, which is also the religious, cultural and artistic center of Morocco. The Fez River has its branch here; therefore, it is suitable for agriculture, and thus coming the name of Fez, meaning “Golden Axe” in Arabic, also meaning “Fertile Land”. Located halfway up the hill and faced with vast plains, Fez is a significant strategic city with strong medieval flavor.

## Hamburg (Germany)

Hamburg, located in the northern plain of Germany, is the second biggest city of the country, covering an area of 755 square kilometers and having a population of 1.74 million. The city possesses geographical advantages because a lot of rivers flow through the city and it is situated near the sea, being one of the significant traffic arteries of Europe. The city has become the economic and trade center relying on its development of such industries as port and shipping, foreign trade, media, finance, insurance and aircraft manufacturing, etc, playing an important role in Germany’s economy. Hamburg is the second financial center of Germany. It is also the third largest tourist city. Every year, the approximately 70 expositions and professional exhibitions as well as the 400 meetings held here make Hamburg one of the host cities for important international meetings and expositions.

## Helsinki (Finland)

Helsinki, capital of Finland, on the verge of the Baltic Sea,

is a city with integration of classical beauty and modern civilization. It not only embodies the romantic sentiment of an old European city, but also is full of lasting appeal of an international metropolis. Meanwhile, she is also a garden city with ingenious combination of urban architecture and natural beauty. Most buildings in the city are built in tint granite, with the name of “northern white city”. Helsinki is not only the political, economic, cultural and commercial center of Finland, but also Finland’s largest port city.

## Kathmandu (Nepal)

Kathmandu is the capital city of Nepal, which is also the biggest city of the country. The city averages about 1,350 meters above the sea level, embraced on three sides by mountains. The city center is located in the Kathmandu Valley, which is considered as “Heaven in the Mountain” because of its pleasant weather. With the mild climate, the city is livable most of the year. There are more than 2,700 large and small temples in the city, which is called as “City of Temples”. Covering an area of 7 square kilometers, the city center has more than 250 temples, Buddhist worshipping halls and towers. As a result, there seems to be as many temples as residential houses and as statues of the Buddha as citizens.

## Marigot (Saint Martin, French Caribbean)

Marigot is the capital city of the French Saint Martin along the Caribbean Sea. In 2006, the city had a population of 5,700. It is a city with typical Caribbean style, where there are lots of gingerbread houses and street bistros with Caribbean characteristics. There are bazaars in the city in the morning of every Wednesday and Saturday, selling products such as coconuts, avocados and sweet potatoes, etc.

## Milan (Italy)

Milan, the most wealthy, modern and creative city of Italy, is located in northern Lombardy and the middle part of the Po River Plain, which is one of the traditional business centers in central Europe. The city has always been in the leading position of the Italian history and can always anticipate the development trend of the whole country. Milan occupies an important position in the field of art. A lot of historical sites can be seen in the city museums, churches and palaces. Leonardo da Vinci spent a significant part of his life here, where he accomplished most of his artistic works and scientific explorations. Milan, at the same time, is the City of Music. The most famous opera house La Scala Opera House and the many leading bands make Milan one of the musical centers of Europe.

## Monterrey (Mexico)

Monterrey, the capital city of Nuevo León, has advanced industry and good business environment, which has become the development center in northeast Mexico with the support of the government for international trade. There are over 14 nature parks in Monterrey, which is suitable for ecological tourism. Besides, there are also more than 10 golf courses, 30 shopping centers and 41 museums as well as cultural centers in the city. It is a paradise for the children and also provides colorful night life for the adults.

## Nicosia (Cyprus)

Nicosia, a city with profound history and culture, has been the capital city of Cyprus since the 11th century. In the 16th century, the Venetians built the star-shaped city wall, urban landmark, after they occupied Nicosia, which separated the old city within the wall from the modern Nicosia city. The current Nicosia is an international metropolis, which is also the administration and business center of Cyprus.

## Nice (France)

Nice is the city of azure coast.

Nice is a city worth of careful appreciation.

She is creative, dynamic and energetic, making herself one of the most important international cities with her brilliant history and infinite innovations.

## Ile de France (France)

Ile-de-France is an administrative area including Paris and Banlieue. There are many must-see relics on Ile-de-France: the fabulous and great features presented by Versailles can hardly be surpassed by any other construction worldwide; Lingering noble & cultural ambience haunts the places such as Vaux le Vicomte, Fontainebleau; if this is not enough, here are Chartres Cathedral, Poway Church, Château de Nefu, Château de Chantilly and the like.

## Prague (Czech)

Prague, located in the center of Bohemian state, in the Vltava River region, is the capital city and the biggest city of Czech Republic. Prague is a well-known tourist city with the architecture of different styles and different historical periods, among which the baroque and gothic architectures take the dominant position. The overall impression that the Prague architecture leaves on us is that the top of the buildings changes flexibly.

## Rabat (Morocco)

Rabat, situated at the mouth of the Bouregreg River in the

northwestern Morocco, is the capital city of the country. It borders on the Atlantic Ocean, which has been the political capital city of Morocco since 1912 and is one of the four imperial cities in Morocco, the other three being Fez, Marrakech and Meknès. Rabat was established in the 12th century by the al-Murabitun. The current old city was founded in the 18th century and the new city was built in 1912. As Rabat is close to the sea, there are lots of bathing beaches here, which are suitable for tourism. The Rabat Palace, the Mausoleum of Mohammed V, the Kasba des Oudaia and the La nécropole de Chella are famous scenic spots for tourists.

## Sanya (China)

Sanya, located at the south most point of Hainan Province, is a tropical seaside tourist city in the southernmost China, which is also a city with the best air quality, where people's longevity is the longest in whole China. With an alternative name of "Lucheng", Sanya is also called the "Oriental Hawaii", which enjoys the most beautiful coastal scenery and takes a leading position among the four first-line tourist cities (Sanya, Weihai, Hangzhou and Xiamen). There are a lot of scenic spots in Sanya, such as Yalong Bay, the Tourist Area of Tian Ya Hai Jiao, Nanshan Cultural Tourism Zone, Da Xiao Dong Tian Scenic Spot, Da Dong Hai Scenic Spot, Turn Round Deer Park, Sanya Bay Scenic Spot, Luo Bi Dong Scenic Spot, Xi Dao and the marine park in Wuzhizhou Island, etc.

## Caissa Touristic

Caissa Touristic was founded in 1993. Through 20 years' stable development, it has set branches in core cities all over the world including London, Paris, Hamburger, Los Angeles, etc. It has more than 20 subsidiary companies in some port cities and core cities in China such as Beijing, Guangzhou, Shanghai, Chengdu and Shenyang, etc.



## China Association of Private Equity

China Association of Private Equity is a non-profit legal institution started voluntarily by people who work in equity investment industry. It offers service to the registered funds and management organizations and intermediate agencies all over the country. It aims at establishing industry self-discipline mechanism, safeguarding the legal rights of its members, improving the quality of its members and enhancing the cooperation and communication between the members and domestic and foreign agencies in the field of equity investment, so as to promote the healthy development of the equity investment industry in China.

## China Central Television

China Central Television is the China state television, whose headquarters is located in Beijing. Originally founded in 1958, it was the earliest television station. There are all together 18 public channels covering the whole country, among which 7 international channels are for overseas broadcasts. The viewing share of CCTV takes up 1/3 of that of the nation. With the largest Chinese TV news gathering team in the world, CCTV is also a world TV station producing documentaries, TV series and variety shows.

## Ctrip.com

Ctrip.com was founded in 1999, and its headquarters is located in Shanghai, China. With a personnel of over 20,000, the company has set branches in 17 cities including Beijing, Guangzhou, Shenzhen, Chengdu, Hangzhou, Nanjing, Xiamen, Chongqing, Qingdao, Shenyang, Wuhan, Sanya, Lijiang, Hong Kong, Nantong, etc, and established contact service center in Nantong. In 2010, Ctrip.com strategically invested in the Taiwan EZTravel and Hong Kong Wing on Travel, forming the situation of having investment in Hong Kong, Taiwan and the Mainland. In 2014, it invested on ToursForFun, extending its influence to North America.

## Four Seasons Hotels

Since it was founded in 1960, Four Seasons Hotels have always been defining the development of the future luxurious hotel industry through its pursuit for excellent quality and earnest customized service with remarkable imagination. The corporate has established 92 hotels and luxurious residences in the major city centers and holiday destinations of 38 countries, and more than 60 development projects are under consideration. It has always been listed into the world's best hotel and the most prestigious brand through the world-famous readers' votes, tourists' selection and the industrial awards.



## SINA.com

Sina Corporate is an Internet media company providing service for Chinese people and the global Chinese community. With the support of the digital media web which is composed of its web portal sina.com, its mobile portal sina.com and microblog service Sina Microblog, it aims at helping its users obtain information processed by professional media or themselves through the Internet and mobile devices and share the information with their friends. Sina.com provides some special and professional content based on the local users and a series of value-added service through its regional websites.

## Beijing UTour International Travel Service Co. Ltd.

As one of China's largest outbound travel operators, Utour has been successfully listed in Shenzhen stock market, as the first privately operated travel agency in A stock market. With products as core and service as orientation, Utour integrates elements and resources of the outbound travel industry chain such as air ticket, hotel, visa, cruise, overseas transportation and overseas reception. Utour is a manufacturer of outbound travel products and provider of outbound travel services, with its products covering major countries and regions. Utour is headquartered in Beijing, and branched in Shanghai, Chengdu, Shenyang, Xi'an, Tianjin and other places.

## Vancouver Airport Authority

Vancouver Airport Authority manages the Vancouver International Airport (YVR). In 2012, the passenger throughput, the aircraft movements and the cargo throughput of YVR were 17.6 million, 261,000 and 227,000 ton respectively, making it the second largest airport of Canada. 70 airlines manage their flights here, connecting the passengers and business to more than 120 destinations all over the world. We aim at building a proud airport of British Columbia in Canada, which will be the top air portal in the world, the engine of the local economical development and makes contributions to the communities.